GEOGRAPHY (2024-24) CLASS XI MM:25

Instructions:

Both tasks must be done in one single scrap notebook of 20 pages. Write with blue/black point pen only.

1. Newspaper reading activity: -

Start reading newspapers/news magazines during your summer vacations, and collect & paste clippings of the Geographical events (Cyclone, Space Exploration, Flooding, or any news related to syllabus) in the scrapbook. Write a few lines about the events.

2. Locate following map items on political map and paste all maps in the scrap book.

Map Items for locating and labelling on outline political World Map

Fundamentals of Physical Geography

Chapter No	Map Work
Chapter Name	map tront
4	
Distribution of oceans and continents	 Political Map of all Continents of the world. Major Oceans of the world: Indian Ocean, Pacific Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Arctic Ocean, Southern Ocean Major lithospheric plates and Minor lithospheric plates, Ring of fire (Pacific Ocean), Mid-Atlantic Ridge.
9	Major Hot Deserts of the world:
Atmospheric Circulations and Weather Systems	 Mojave Desert- Nevada, US Patagonian Desert- Argentina Sahara- Africa Gobi Desert- Mongolia, Asia Thar desert- India Great Victoria desert- Australia
12 Water (Oceans)	 Major Seas Black sea Baltic sea Caspian Sea Mediterranean Sea North Sea
13	 Red sea Bay of Fundy (Canada)-Famous for the highest tides in the world
Movements of Ocean Water	OCEAN CURRENTS-Cold currents Humboldt c. California c. Falkland c. Canaries c. West Australian c. Oyashio c. Labrador c.
	Warm currents Alaska c. Brazilian c. Aughlas c. Kuroshio c. Gulf stream c.
14	Ecological hotspots • Eastern Himalaya, India

 Indonesia, Asia Eastern Madagascar, Africa Upper Guinean forests, Africa
Upper Guinean forests, Africa
Atlantic forest, Brazil
Tropical Andes

Map Items for locating and labelling on outline political map of India

India Physical Environment

Chapter No and Name	Map Work
1 India- Location	 Latitudinal extent of India Longitudinal extent of India Standard Meridian of India Important latitude passing through India (Tropic of Cancer) Southern Most Point of main land of India (Kanya Kumari)
2 Structure and Physiography	 Mountains: Karakoram Range, Garo- Khasi- Jaintia hills, Aravalli Range, Vindhyan Range, Satpura Range, Western ghats & Eastern ghats Peaks: K2, Kanchenjunga, Nandadevi, Nanga Parvat, Namcha Barwa and Anaimud Passes: Shipkila, Nathula, Palghat, Bhor ghat and Thal ghat Plateaus: Malwa, Chhotnagpur, Meghalaya and Deccan Plateau. Coastal Plains: Saurashtra, Konkan, North and South Kanara, Malabar, Coromandel and Northern Circars
	Islands: Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep Islands
3 Drainage System	 Rivers: Brahmaputra, Indus, Satluj, Ganga, Yamuna, Chambal, Damodar Mahanadi, Krishna, Kaveri, Godavari, Narmada, Tapti and Luni Lakes: (Identification)Wular, Sambhar, Chilika, Kolleru, Pulicat & Vembanad Straits, Bays, Gulfs: Palk Strait, Rann of Kachch, Gulf of Kachch, Gulf of Mannar & Gulf of Khambat
4 Climate	 Area with highest temperature in India Area with lowest temperature in India Area with highest rainfall in India Area with lowest rainfall in India
5 Natural Vegetation	(Identification on an outline map of India) Tropical evergreen, Tropical deciduous, Tropical thorn, Montane and Littoral/Swamp forests. Wildlife reserves: (locating and labeling)
	 National Parks: Corbett, Kaziranga, Ranthambore. Shivpuri, Simlipal Bird Sanctuaries: Keoladev Ghana and Ranganathitto Wild life Sanctuaries: Periyar, Rajaji, Mudumalai, Dachigam,